Summary of Recommendations

- 1. MTO be requested to confirm whether the transportation demand study completed to the year 2031 remains an appropriate planning horizon.
- 2. MTO and ENDM/IESO confirm efforts to coordinate their independent studies and ensure negative impacts are fully assessed and minimized wherever practicable.
- 3. MTO commit to receiving VPR signoff at the design stage as it relates to TRCA's regulatory and policy interests, as well as provincially delegated responsibilities.
- 4. MTO and MECP work with TRCA to draft Conditions of Approval that reflect TRCA interests and concerns, and that these conditions be forwarded to the Minister for review and consideration at the appropriate time in the EA process.
- 5. MTO consider the TRCA 2015 Crossings Guideline for Valley and Stream Corridors in designing new crossing structures in order to prevent flood and erosion hazard impacts.
- 6. MTO clearly show on a figure in the EA, each watercourse and headwater drainage feature crossing, together with a corresponding table that shows proposed sizing at each crossing location that considers wildlife passage, fluvial geomorphic, and flood conveyance requirements, and any associated modeling, where necessary. Proposed crossing sizes presented in the EA should clearly reflect the sizing that will move forward to the design and construction stages.
- 7. MTO undertake a comprehensive stormwater management strategy at the EA stage based on TRCA's 2012 Stormwater Management Criteria document that demonstrates how provincial and TRCA criteria for water quality, quantity, erosion and water balance will be met.
- 8. MTO contact TRCA for updated modeling and stormwater requirements at the detailed design stage and then update the modeling, based on the proposed highway design, according to TRCA standards.
- 9. MTO consult with each municipality transected by the preferred route and design to confirm conformity with the CTC SPP.
- 10. MTO conform with Policy SAL-6 in the CTC SPP, in particular clause (d) which encourages the consideration of information in the Toronto and Region Assessment Report for the siting and prioritization of future assessments related to road salt application.
- 11. MTO work with the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks to ensure the implementation of Policy SAL-11 in the CTC SPP.

- 12. MTO complete seasonally appropriate field surveys along the preferred route to identify where and when wildlife passages are required and will be most effective, based on the type of species and migration patterns, to facilitate safe wildlife movement under or over the highway.
- 13. MTO design habitat connectivity and wildlife passages for provincial and regional species of concern, including installing appropriate wildlife passages, fencing structures, and extensive habitat restoration.
- 14. MTO consider the TRCA 2015 Crossings Guideline for Valley and Stream Corridors to inform the design of new crossing structures for wildlife movement and habitat connectivity.
- 15. MTO complete a comprehensive evaluation for the technically preferred alternative of the proposed highway, associated interchanges and future transit right-of-way and stations and use the information to consider hybrid alignments (shifts) that will avoid and minimize impacts to the natural heritage system, including watercourses and core features.
- 16. MTO commit to mitigation measures at the EA stage, such as edge management plans and measures to ensure that the function of ecologically significant groundwater recharge areas are maintained, and then develop these measures further at the detailed design stage.
- 17. MTO work with TRCA to develop and implement an environmental monitoring plan in the EA stage, and use the plan to inform the planning and design of wildlife crossing locations, as well as to address issues related to species sensitivities, such as noise, light, pollutants, invasive species, habitat and groundwater changes.
- 18. MTO work with TRCA to determine an appropriate restoration and compensation plan in the EA that ensures a net benefit, depending on the ecological communities impacted, to ensure fragmentation is minimized, connections between sensitive ecological features remain open allowing for wildlife movement, and to ensure the NHS is protected and enhanced.
- 19. MTO work with TRCA to identify locations in which restoration activities can take place either using the TRCA 2018 Guide for Determining Ecosystem Compensation or developing a compensation strategy similar to that adopted by Metrolinx for their expansion projects and applying an approximate value to future restoration and compensation efforts.
- 20. MTO consider in the EA the potential long-term impacts of salt loading to surface and groundwater features, salt spray to terrestrial habitats, the spread of invasive species along transportation corridors, and fragmentation of habitats and migration corridors.
- 21. MTO evaluate climate change risks and impacts based on the transition of natural heritage lands to paved surfaces, together with the removal of trees and wetlands be included in the EA document to ensure impacts are minimized and clearly explained.
- 22. MTO's stormwater management strategy and crossings be confirmed against the impacts of a changing climate.
- 23. MTO investigate and incorporate green infrastructure into the design.

- 24. MTO closely coordinate with TRCA throughout the planning and design stages to further review options to avoid and mitigate impacts to TRCA-owned lands.
- 25. MTO and TRCA enter into negotiations regarding land base compensation once the preferred route has been finalized and MTO include future TRCA land acquisition costs within its costing analysis.
- 26. MTO work closely with TRCA, the City of Brampton, Town of Caledon and Regional Municipality of Peel and reconsider the interchange that would allow for the extension at Highway 410 to use existing Highway 10 infrastructure.
- 27. MTO work with TRCA, the City of Vaughan and Regional Municipality of York to determine an alignment that will minimize and/or mitigate impacts through the NCR.
- 28. MTO recognize trail networks in the preliminary design alternative and ensure connectivity, parking and access is maintained.
- 29. MTO ensure signage identifying the NCR and the Humber River's Canadian Heritage River System status be included in an area along the highway within the boundary of the NCR and in the vicinity of the Humber River.
- 30. MTO closely coordinate with TRCA archaeology staff to complete investigations as per TRCA and provincial policy on TRCA-owned lands once a preferred route has been identified.
- 31. MTO be requested to work with TRCA, municipalities, landowners and developers, and community and environmental organizations recognizing the shared concerns with particular alignments and interchanges, lands to be conveyed to TRCA through the development process, as well as TRCA and partner efforts in protecting natural features through the planning process to establish a routing which respects the various concerns.
- 32. MTO include projections for possible future extensions in the EA to ensure proposed terminus points at each of these locations to avoid or minimize impacts to TRCA properties, conservation lands and the NHS to the north and east.